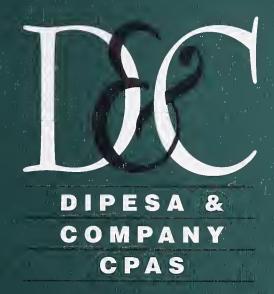
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MASSACHUSETTS CONVENTION CENTER AUTHORITY

GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED
JUNE 30, 1999
AND INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT AND
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS ON
INTERNAL CONTROLS AND COMPLIANCE
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1999





MASSACHUSETTS CONVENTION CENTER AUTHORITY

GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED
JUNE 30, 1999
AND INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT AND
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS ON
INTERNAL CONTROLS AND COMPLIANCE
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1999



MASSACHUSETTS CONVENTION CENTER AUTHORITY TABLE OF CONTENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1999

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of Massachusetts Convention Center Authority

Ladies and Gentlemen:

We have audited the accompanying general purpose financial statements of the Massachusetts Convention Center Authority (the "Authority"), a component unit of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, as of June 30, 1999, and for the year then ended, listed in the foregoing Table of Contents. These general purpose financial statements are the responsibility of the Authority's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these general purpose financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audits in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the general purpose financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, such general purpose financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Authority at June 30, 1999, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended, in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles.





In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued a report dated September 30, 1999 on our consideration of the Authority's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with laws and regulations.

The year 2000 supplementary information presented as Note 14 on pages 29 and 30 is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and do not express an opinion on it. In addition, we do not provide assurance that the Massachusetts Convention Center Authority is or will become year 2000 compliant, that year 2000 remediation efforts will be successful in whole or in part, or that parties with which the Massachusetts Convention Center Authority does business are or will become year 2000 compliant.

Respectfully submitted,

DI PESA & COMPANY

Certified Public Accountants

September 30, 1999





INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Members of Massachusetts Convention Center Authority

Ladies and Gentlemen:

We have audited the general purpose financial statements of the Massachusetts Convention Center Authority (the "Authority"), as of and for the year then ended June 30, 1999, and have issued our report thereon, dated September 30, 1999. We conducted our audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing **Standards**, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Massachusetts Convention Center Authority 's general purpose financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of the Authority's compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.





Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Massachusetts Convention Center Authority's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the general purpose financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control over financial reporting. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements in amounts that would be material in relation to the general purpose financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, we noted other matters involving the internal control over financial reporting that we have reported to management of the Massachusetts Convention Center Authority, in a separate letter dated September 30, 1999.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the audit committee, management, the Board and others within the organization, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Respectfully submitted,

DI PESA & COMPANY

Certified Public Accountants

Dilson o Compay

September 30, 1999





MASSACHUSETTS CONVENTION CENTER AUTHORITY COMBINED BALANCE SHEETS JUNE 30, 1999

ASSETS

	SC	<u>;C</u>		BOSTON	<u>C</u>	COMBINED		Restated 1998 Memo Only
CURRENT ASSETS Cash and Short-Term								MOME SAME
Investments (Notes 2 & 8) Grants Receivable from the	\$ 49	9,952	\$	8,212,742	\$	8,712,694	\$	10,148,289
Commonwealth - Debt Service (Notes 2 & 4)	C	-		885,643		885,643		1,299,748
Convention Receivables (Net) Prepaid Assets	9	91,080		420,645 145,477		511,725 145,477		1,095,606 188,317
Other Current Assets	_	=		537,130		_537,130		60,314
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	<u>59</u>	91,032		10,201,637		10,792,669		12,792,274
FUNDS HELD BY BOND TRUSTEE (Cash, Cash Equivalents and U.S. Government Securities) (Notes 2, 4, 6 & 8)				5 440 40 1		5 440 404		5 000 400
Garage Construction Account Garage Renewal and Replacement Fund		_		5,440,491 664,005		5,440,491 664,005		5,208,482 635,487
Hynes Construction Account		-		36,509		36,509		31,315
Hynes Renewal and Replacement Account	_			9,485,707		9,485,707		9,021,788
TOTAL FUNDS HELD BY BOND TRUSTEE	_	=		15,626,712		15,626,712		14,897,072
GRANTS RECEIVABLE FROM THE COMMONWEALTH - DEBT SERVICE (Notes 2 & 4)	_			<u>28,456,954</u>		28,456,954		23,712,377
OTHER INVESTMENTS (Notes 2 and 8)	_	=		1,535,688		1,535,688		1,743,593
DEFERRED CHARGES Boston Convention and Exhibition Complex Springfield Civic Center Renovations	11	- 4,143		486,151 -		486,151 114,143		-
CONSTRUCTION IN PROGRESS (Note 10) Boston Convention and Exhibition Complex Springfield Civic Center Renovations	<u>48</u>	- 37,178		5,233,017 		5,233,017 487,178		<u>-</u>
TOTAL DEFERRED CHARGES AND CONSTRUCTION IN PROGRESS	<u>60</u>	01,321		<u>5,719,168</u>		6,320,489		
INVESTMENT IN FACILITIES (Notes 1, 2, 3 & 5) Land	2,00	00,000		52,029,496		54,029,496		54,029,496
Convention Center and Improvements Civic Center and Improvements	10.30	- 00,000		178,872,354		178,872,354 10,300,000	1	178,644,444 10,300,000
Parking Garage and Improvements	10,50	-		33,414,977		33,414,977		33,322,058
Equipment and Fixtures		1,242		15,627,909	_	16,139,151	_	14,273,866
		1,242		279,944,736		292,755,978		290,569,864
Less - Accumulated Depreciation	(9,44	<u>1,667</u>)	(_	86,411,279)	(_	<u>95,852,946</u>)	(_	87,932,107)
NET INVESTMENT IN FACILITIES	<u>3,36</u>	9,575	_	193,533,457	1	196,903,032	<u>2</u>	202,637,757
DEFERRED BOND COSTS (Notes 2, 4 & 5)		-		1,077,043		1,077,043		1,226,316
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 4,56 ====	1,928	\$ 2	256,150,659 ======		260,712,587 ======		257,009,389

See Notes to General Purpose Financial Statements.

MASSACHUSETTS CONVENTION CENTER AUTHORITY **COMBINED BALANCE SHEETS** JUNE 30, 1999

LIABILITIES AND GRANTS AND FUND BALANCES

CURRENT LIABILITIES		SCC	<u>BOSTON</u>	COMBINED	Restated 1998 Memo Only
Current Portion of Bonds Payable (Note 4) Springfield Construction Payables and Retainage BCEC Construction Payables and	\$	- 39,815	\$ 22,670,000	\$ 22,670,000 39,815	\$ 21,375,000
Retainage (Note 10) Garage Constructions Payables		-	3,157,637	3,157,637	-
and Retainage Garage Payable to the Commonwealth (Note 2) Accounts Payable and		-	677,957 4,971,204	677,957 4,971,204	681,957 4,191,655
Accrued Expenses (Note 7)		164,155	3,155,981	3,320,136	3,422,760
Accrued Interest Expense (Note 4)		45.005	885,643	885,643	1,299,748
Deposits and Deferred Revenue (Note 2)		<u>45,925</u>	<u>639,063</u>	<u>684,988</u>	<u>879,221</u>
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES		<u>249,895</u>	<u>36,157,485</u>	36,407,380	<u>31,850,341</u>
BONDS PAYABLE, LONG-TERM PORTION (Note 4)			71,747,986	71,747,986	94,379,030
ACCRUED INTEREST EXPENSE (Note 4)		-	28,456,954	28,456,954	23,712,377
ACCRUED PENSION EXPENSE (Note 7)		<u>-</u>	3,199,393	3,199,393	3,000,001
COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (Note 9)					
GRANTS AND FUND BALANCES (Notes 2, 4 & 5) Contributed Capital and grants-in-aid					
of Facilities Acquisition Less - Accumulated Amortization, of	1	2,300,000	204,607,450	216,907,450	195,018,972
Contributed Capital	(_	9,441,667)	(95,125,054)	(104,566,721)	(97,186,380)
		2,858,333	109,482,396	112,340,729	97,832,592
Retained Earnings (Deficit) Intra-authority Overhead Allocation	(2,465,847) <u>3,919,547</u>	11,025,992 (<u>3,919,547</u>)	8,560,145 	6,235,048 -
TOTAL GRANTS AND FUND BALANCES		4,312,033	116,588,841	120,900,874	104,067,640

TOTAL LIABILITIES AND GRANTS
AND FUND BALANCES

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\$ 4,561,928 \$ 256,150,659 \$ 260,712,587 \$ 257,009,389 ========



MASSACHUSETTS CONVENTION CENTER AUTHORITY COMBINED STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE/RETAINED EARNINGS (DEFICIT) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1999

	SCC	BOSTON	COMBINED	Restated 1998 Memo Only
REVENUES (Note 2) Convention Services Income Convention Rental Income Parking Fees	\$ 1,920,754 591,706	\$ 4,979,342 2,800,487 6,536,346	\$ 6,900,096 3,392,193 6,536,346	\$ 6,930,382 3,540,210 5,477,534
Interest Income Other	39,819 <u>50,383</u> 2,602,662	666,189 <u>120,062</u> <u>15,102,426</u>	706,008 <u>170,445</u> 17,705,088	472,254 <u>172,226</u> 16,592,606
EXPENSES Salaries and Benefits - Operating (Note 7) Salaries and Benefits - Administrative (Note 7)	797,274	4,119,698 1,465,533	4,916,972 1,465,533	4,862,540 970,558
Other Operating Expenses Other Administrative Expenses Contracted Services	897,103 - 1,949,363	4,972,190 616,372 5,446,334	5,869,293 616,372 7,395,697	5,151,038 420,631 5,675,663
Utilities Depreciation (Note 2)	384,807 <u>343,333</u>	2,304,411 _7,725,619	2,689,218 _8,068,952	2,634,605 _7,574,985
TOTAL EXPENSES	4,371,880	26,650,157	31,022,037	27,290,020
Intra-authority Overhead Allocation	458,610	(<u>458,610</u>)	-	-
TOTAL OPERATION COSTS	4,830,490	26,191,547	31,022,037	27,290,020
OPERATING TRANSFERS TO/FROM THE COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS State Grants - Massachusetts 1)				
Tourism Fund (Note 1) Contractual Payment to the Commonwealth	-	12,632,616	12,632,616	11,210,000
for Parking Garage (Note 2)	*	(4,971,204)	(_4,971,204)	(_4,191,655)
Loss From Operations	(2,227,828)	(3,427,709)	(5,655,537)	(3,679,069)
DEFERRED EXPENSES - CONSTRUCTION		600,294	600,294	<u>-</u>
PROJECT-RELATED REVENUES AND EXPENSES Commonwealth Grants - Contractual Assistance				
Earned (Note 2) Interest Expense (Note 4)	-	7,785,765 (7,608,558)	7,785,765 (7,608,558)	8,692,213 (8,535,019)
Other Expenses (Note 2)	_	(177,207)	(177,207)	(157,194)
Total Project-Related Revenues and Expenses		-		_
Net Loss	(2,227,828)	(2,827,415)	(5,055,243)	(3,679,069)
ADD BACK - Depreciation on Fixed Assets Acquired with Contributed Capital and and grants-in-aid of Facilities Acquisition (Note 2)	343,333	7,037,007	7,380,340	7,037,008
RETAINED EARNINGS (DEFICIT), BEGINNING OF YEAR	(<u>581,352</u>)	<u>6,816,400</u>	<u>6,235,048</u>	<u>2,877,109</u>
RETAINED EARNINGS (DEFICIT), END OF YEAR	\$(2,465,847)	\$ 11,025,992 	\$ 8,560,145 ======	\$ 6,235,048
San Notas to Conoral	Durnaga Einan	oial Ctataments		

See Notes to General Purpose Financial Statements.



MASSACHUSETTS CONVENTION CENTER AUTHORITY COMBINED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1999

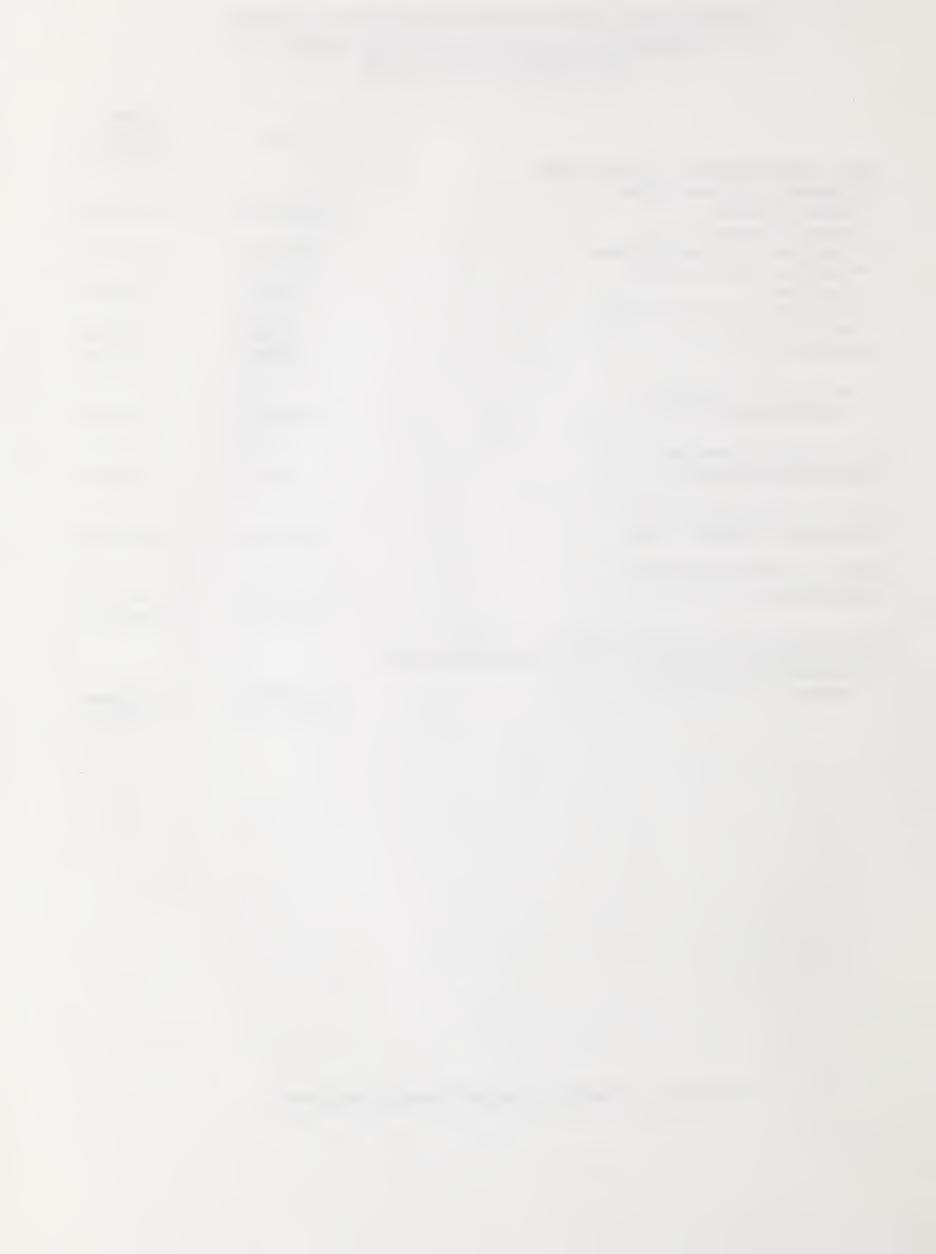
		Restated
	<u>1999</u>	<u>1998</u>
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		Memo Only
Net Loss	\$(<u>5,055,243</u>)	\$(<u>3,679,069</u>)
Adjustments to Reconcile Net Loss to		
Net Cash Provided by		
Operating Activities:		
Depreciation	8,068,952	7,574,985
Amortization of Bond Discount	38,957	38,957
Interest Income	(706,008)	(472,254)
(Increase) Decrease in Assets:		
Convention Receivables, Net	583,881	(327,654)
Prepaid Assets	42,840	(32,173)
Other Current Assets	(476,815)	208,964
Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities	,	·
Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses	(102,625)	196,484
Deposits and Deferred Revenue	(194,233)	372,548
Accrued Pension Expense	199,392	199,393
Garage Payable to the Commonwealth	<u>779,549</u>	<u>1,215,672</u>
		1,210,012
Total Adjustments	<u>8,233,890</u>	8,974,922
NET CASH PROVIDED BY		
OPERATING ACTIVITIES	<u>3,178,657</u>	<u>5,295,853</u>
CASH FLOWS USED BY NONCAPITAL		
FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Expenditure of Net Investment Income		
Earned on Funds Held by Bond		
Trustee for Project Related Costs	(<u>66,889</u>)	(46,878)
CACHELOWIC FROM CARITAL AND RELATED		
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED		
FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(7 000 705)	(0.505.040)
Interest Paid on Bonds	(7,608,765)	•
Interest Expense Reimbursed by the Commonwealth	7,608,765	8,535,019
Principal Paid on Bond Maturities	(21,375,000)	(20,195,000)
Reimbursement from the Commonwealth		
for Payment of Bond Principal	21,375,000	20,195,000
Additions to Investment in Facilities	(2,186,112)	(1,404,982)
Increase in Construction in Progress and		
Deferred Charges	(6,320,489)	(440,485)
Increase (Decrease) in Construction Payables		
and Retainages	<u>3,193,452</u>	(<u>4,191,655</u>)
NET CASH USED BY CAPITAL AND RELATED		
FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES	(<u>5,313,149</u>)	(<u>6,037,122</u>)
THY HOUSE THE TIME	(<u>5,515,145</u>)	(0,001,122)

See Notes to General Purpose Financial Statements.



MASSACHUSETTS CONVENTION CENTER AUTHORITY COMBINED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1999

CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	<u>1999</u>	<u>Restated</u> <u>1998</u> <u>Memo Only</u>
Purchase of U.S. Government and Agency Obligations Proceeds (Purchases) of U.S.	(21,002,705)	(34,504,000)
Government and Agency Obligations Proceeds from Maturities of Other	25,156,179	38,873,044
Investments Investment Income Earned on Funds	207,905	(692,494)
Held by Bond Trustee Interest Income	729,640 <u>706,008</u>	243,196 <u>472,254</u>
NET CASH PROVIDED BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES	5,797,027	4,392,000
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	3,595,646	3,603,853
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING OF YEAR	<u>16,143,489</u>	12,539,636
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF YEAR	\$ 19,739,135 ======	\$ 16,143,489 =======
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION Cash Paid During the Year for: Interest	\$ 7,608,765 =====	\$ 4,465,494 ======



1. BACKGROUND

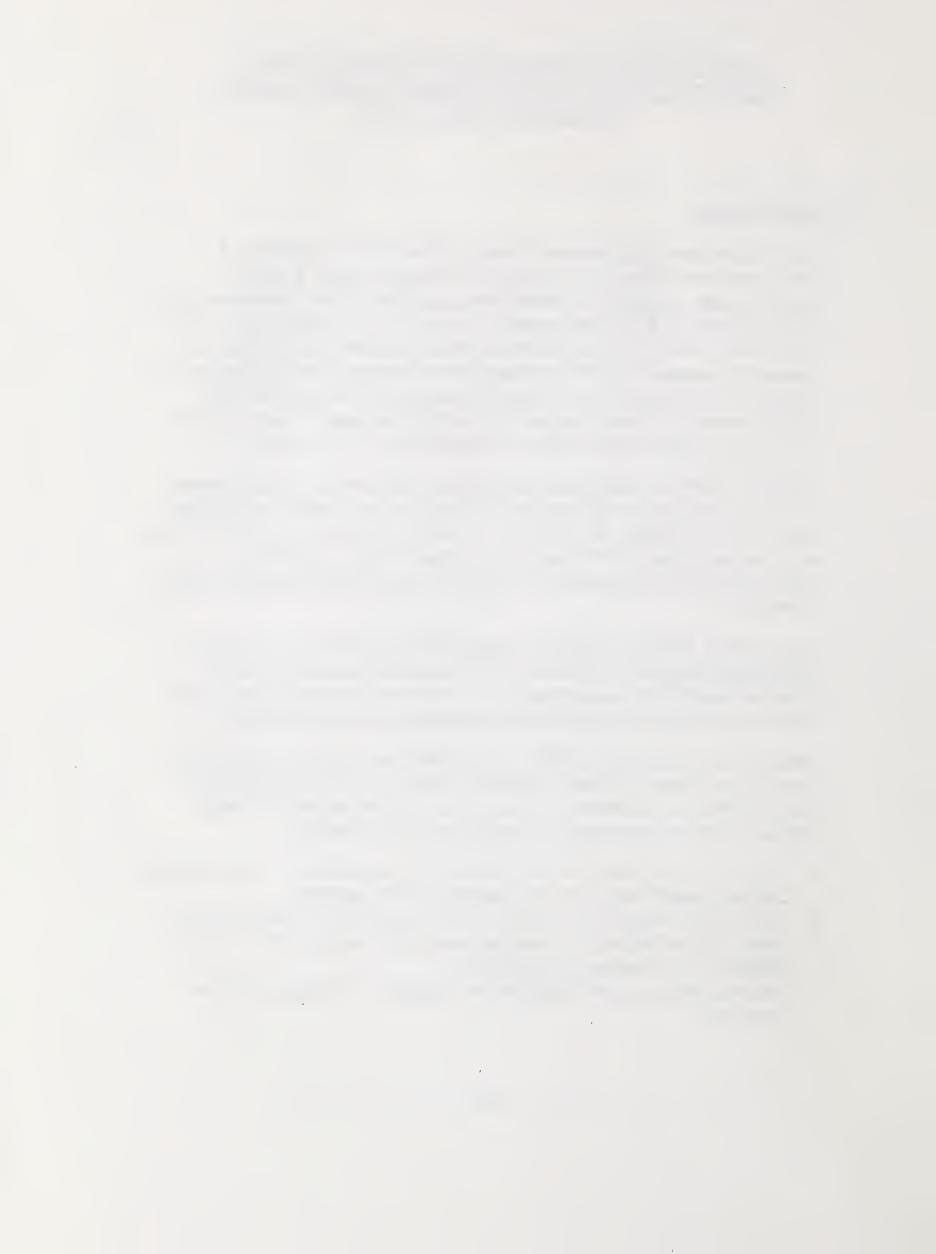
The Massachusetts Convention Center Authority (the "Authority"), a component unit of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, is a public instrumentality created by an act of the Legislature of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts (the "Commonwealth") to acquire and operate the facilities known as the John B. Hynes Veterans Memorial Convention Center (the "Hynes Convention Center") and the Boston Common Parking Garage (the "Garage"). Its purpose is to promote the economic development of the Commonwealth by developing and operating a convention center suitable for accommodating major national and international conventions.

On July 1, 1991, the Legislature established, pursuant to Massachusetts General Laws Chapter 10, Section 35J, the Massachusetts Tourism Fund (the "Fund") into which 35% of the state hotel/motel tax is deposited. Thirty-eight percent of the Fund is dedicated to the Authority, subject to appropriation by the Legislature, to fund the annual operating deficit of the Authority.

During Fiscal 1999, the Authority received \$12,632,616 from the Fund. These appropriations are reflected as an operating transfer from the Commonwealth in the accompanying combined statements of revenues, expenses and changes in fund balance/retained earnings (deficit).

Chapter 152 of the Acts of 1997, "An Act Relative to the Construction and Financing of Convention and Exhibition Centers in the Commonwealth", became effective November 17, 1997. This Act has several provisions relevant to the Massachusetts Convention Center Authority.

- The Act appropriated \$609.4 million for the construction of a Convention Center in South Boston, to be operated by the Authority.
- The Act transferred the Springfield Civic Center to the ownership and control of the Authority, as well as providing an appropriation of \$48.5 million for improvements to the facility.
- The Act created a new Board for the Authority consisting of thirteen members.



2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The significant accounting policies followed by the Authority are as follows:

a. Basis of Presentation

The accounting policies of the Authority conform to generally accepted accounting principles applicable to governmental units, and the financial statements conform to the reporting presentation set forth in "Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards" issued by the Government Accounting Standards Board applicable to Public Benefit Corporations and Authorities.

b. Fund Accounting

Financial transactions of the authority are accounted for using the accrual method of accounting.

c. Revenue Recognition

Revenues are recognized on the accrual basis for the Hynes Convention Center operations, including the Boston Common Parking Garage. Hynes Convention Center revenues consist of rental income and income for services such as electricity, air, water, telephone, cleaning, security, equipment and food. Boston Common Parking Garage revenue consists of parking fees.

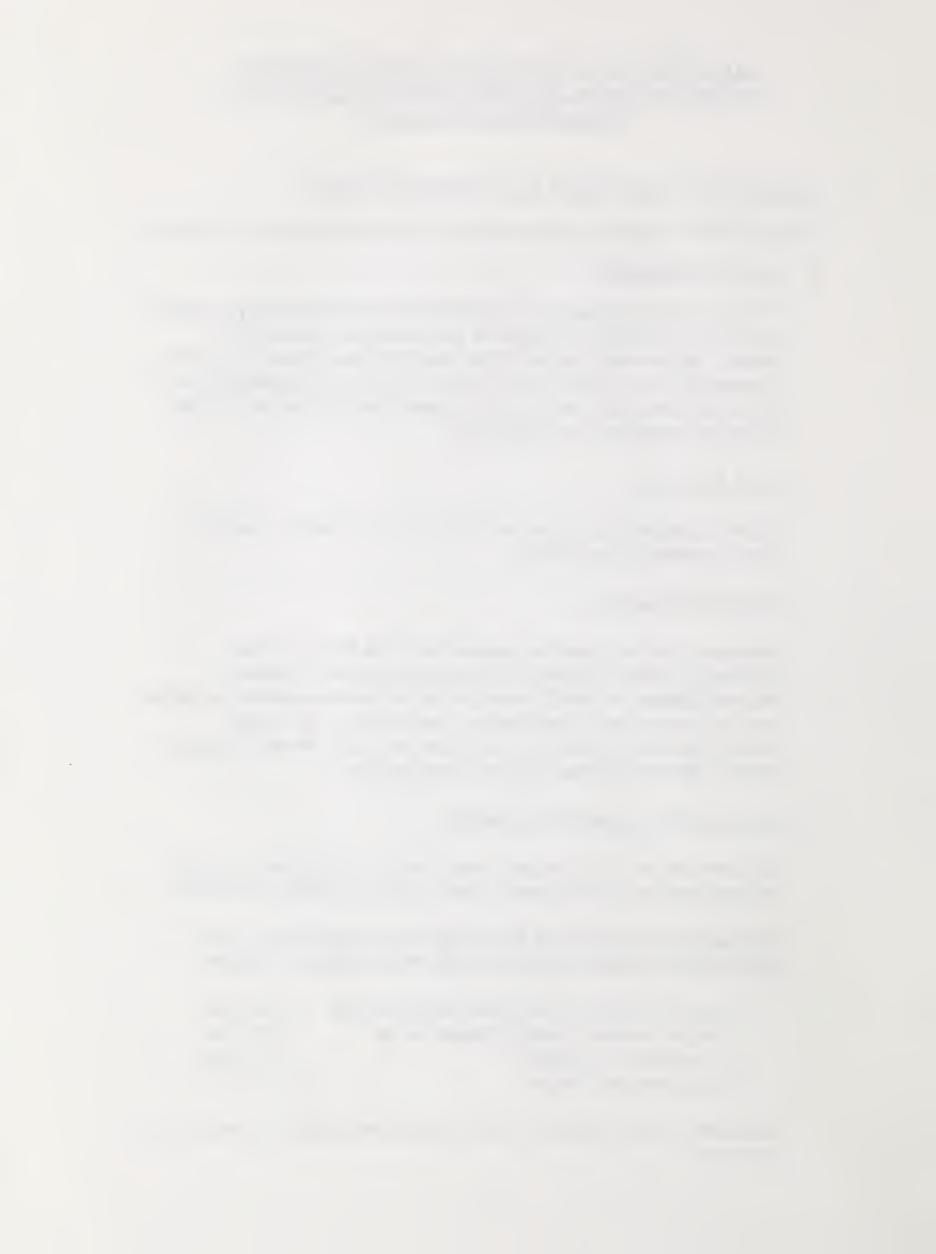
d. Accounting for Investment in Facilities

Facilities are stated at cost and have been funded primarily through expenditures of Commonwealth grants-in-aid of facilities acquisition.

Depreciation is provided on the straight-line method based on the estimated economic useful lives of the related assets as follows:

Hynes Convention Center and Improvements	5 - 30 Years
Boston Common Parking Garage Facility	30 Years
Springfield Civic Center	30 Years
Equipment and Fixtures	3 - 5 Years

Expenditures for repairs and maintenance are charged to operations as incurred.



2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

e. Amortization of Contributed Capital, grants-in-aid of Facilities Acquisition

Contributed capital, grants-in-aid of facilities acquisition (see Note 5) is amortized to the extent of depreciation expense on the related acquired facilities.

f. Accounting for Investment Income Related to Bonds Held by Trustee

Interest income earned on unexpended bond proceeds has been credited to contributed capital, grants-in-aid of facilities acquisition (see Note 5).

g. Accounting for State Grants - Contractual Assistance Earned

Interest expense is reimbursed by the Commonwealth under a contractual assistance agreement to fund debt service on Hynes Convention Center and Boston Common Parking Garage Bonds. The Authority accrues state grant revenue to the extent such costs have been expensed. Noncapitalized project costs, as defined in the respective Trust Indentures (the "Indentures"), have been funded by interest earned on unexpended bond proceeds. A portion of state grant revenue has been classified as an operating transfer in the accompanying combined statements of revenues, expenses and changes in fund balance/retained earnings (deficit) to the extent that interest income earned on unexpended bond proceeds has been used to fund operating expenses.

The Authority records state grant revenue related to the Massachusetts Tourism Fund on a cash basis because receipt of such revenue is subject to appropriation by the Commonwealth.

h. Deferred Bond Costs

Deferred amounts represent costs incurred in connection with the issuance of bonds (see Note 4). Amortization is provided on the straight-line method over the life of the debt and amounted to \$149,273 in 1999. Amortization is classified as project related - other expenses in the accompanying combined statements of revenues, expenses and changes in fund balance/retained earnings (deficit) and is accounted for similar to noncapitalized project costs.



2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

i. Investments

Investments are carried at amortized cost, which approximates market value (see Note 8).

j. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The amounts classified as cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, cash in banks and money market investments with an original maturity of three months or less.

k. Receivables

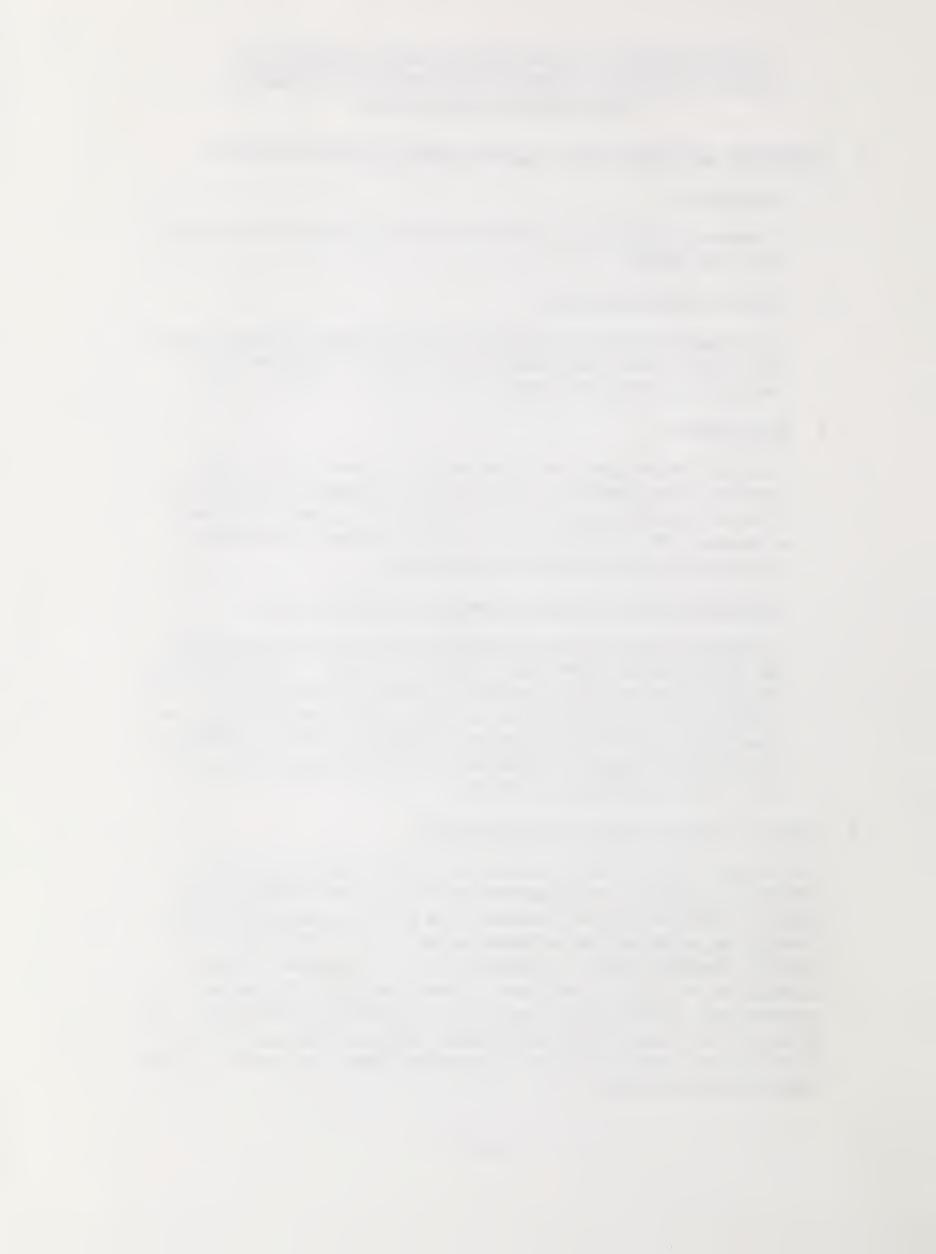
Convention receivables are stated net of an allowance for doubtful accounts. The allowance is established by management to provide for potential bad debts based on current information available and past experience. At June 30, 1999 and 1998, the allowance for doubtful accounts amounted to \$51,001 and \$54,894.

I. Contractual Payment to Commonwealth for Parking Garage

Under the contractual assistance agreement (see Note 2.g.) by which the Commonwealth funds debt service for the Boston Common Parking Garage Bonds, the Massachusetts Convention Center Authority is required to repay to the Commonwealth an amount equal to the excess of parking garage revenues over direct garage expenses as defined in the contractual assistance agreement. For the year ended June 30, 1999 this amount will be \$4,971,204.

3. GARAGE STRUCTURAL REHABILITATION

The Boston Common Parking Garage was closed by the Authority on October 31, 1992 due to the need for renovation and rehabilitation of the facility. In 1993, the Authority entered into a general construction contract for such renovation and rehabilitation pursuant to bids it obtained for such contract. The total cost of such renovation and rehabilitation, including architectural, engineering and other so-called "soft" costs, is expected to be approximately \$33,600,000. Costs of such renovation and rehabilitation not funded by the proceeds of the 1993 Series A Bonds will be paid with funds of the Authority from the Civic and Convention Center Fund and the Capital Reserve for the Garage.



3. GARAGE STRUCTURAL REHABILITATION (Continued)

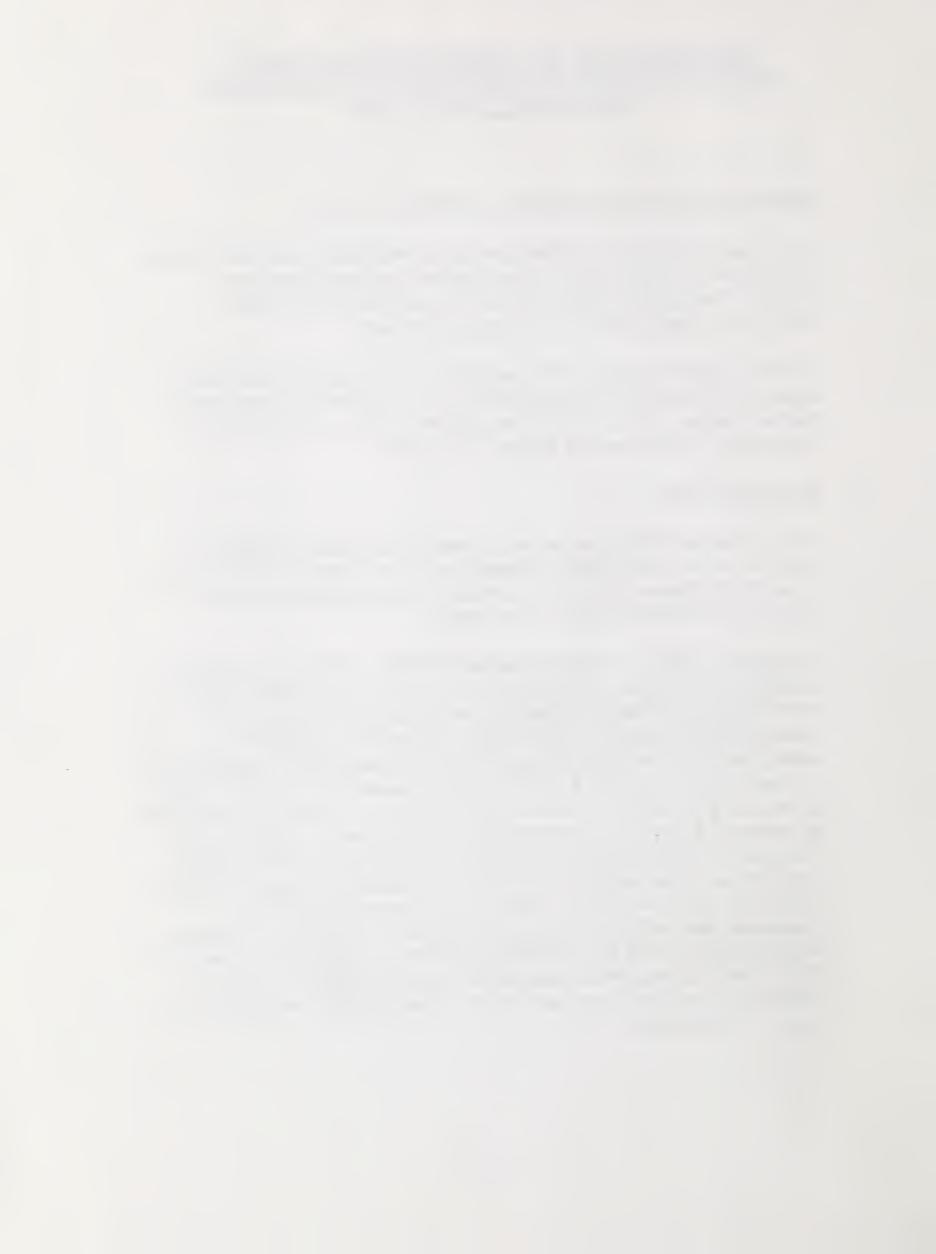
In the year ended June 30, 1999, consulting, contracting, and architectural costs associated with garage construction and improvements were \$92,919. These costs total \$33,414,977 to date and \$1,100,964 in depreciation has been taken relating to this account.

The entire amount related to the cost of the Garage, prior to rehabilitation, together with associated depreciation was removed from the accounts for the year ended June 30, 1996. The total value of the former asset and associated depreciation both totaled \$10,808,854.

4. BONDS PAYABLE

During 1984 and 1985, the Authority raised \$200,000,000 through the issuance of tax-exempt Hynes Convention Center Bonds (the "1984 Series A" and "1985 Series A Bonds") to partially finance the expansion and renovation of the Hynes Convention Center.

On March 19, 1992, the Authority raised \$163,525,164, net of an original issue discount of \$144,110, through the issuance of tax-exempt Hynes Convention Center Refunding Bonds (the "Series 1992 Bonds") with an average interest rate of 6.14% to advance refund \$135,435,000 of outstanding 1984 and 1985 Series A Hynes Convention Center Bonds with an average interest rate of 9.3%. The net proceeds of \$161,779,277 (after payment of \$1,745,887 in underwriter's discount and costs of issuance) plus an additional \$12,343,500 (\$10,636,500 from the Debt Service Reserve Fund and \$1,707,000 from the Renewal and Replacement Fund) of bond funds related to the 1984 and 1985 Series A Bonds were used to purchase U.S. Government securities. Those securities were deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for all future debt service payments on the 1984 and 1985 Series A Bonds. As a result, the 1994 and 1985 Series A Bonds are considered to be defeased, and the liability for those bonds has been removed from the accompanying combined balance sheets of the Authority.



4. BONDS PAYABLE (Continued)

The advance refunding resulted in the recognition of a loss on defeasance of \$41,304,935 for the year ended June 30, 1992. This loss includes the reversal of the grant receivable from the Commonwealth which had been recognized as an offset to accrued interest on the compound interest serial bonds (the 1984 and 1985 Series A Bonds). As a result of the advance refunding, the Authority reduced its aggregate debt service payments by approximately \$14,200,000 over the period from March 19, 1992 to September 1, 2005 and achieved an economic gain (the difference between present value of the new debt service requirements, discounted at the effective interest rate of 6.14%, adjusted for additional cash paid) of approximately \$11,700,000. In addition, the Authority wrote off, as part of the loss on defeasance, the remaining unamortized deferred charges (\$2,617,158 related to the 1984 and 1985 Series A Bonds). The \$1,745,887 of underwriter's discount and costs of issuance related to the Series 1992 Bonds have been capitalized as deferred charges in the accompanying combined balance sheets (see Note 2(h)).

The Authority and the Commonwealth have entered into a contract providing that the Commonwealth shall pay contract assistance to the Authority in an amount equal to the scheduled principal of and interest on the bonds.

At June 30, 1999, the Series 1992 Bonds consist of the following:

<u>Description</u>	Interest <u>Rates</u>	<u>Maturity</u>	Original <u>Amount</u>
Current Interest Serial Bonds	5.70%-6.00%	1999	\$20,235,000
Compound Interest Serial Bonds	6.40%-6.80%	2000-2005	\$47,229,273

On July 1, 1993, the Authority raised \$30,909,064, net of an original issued discount of \$570,936, through the issuance of tax-exempt Boston Common Parking Garage Bonds, Series 1992 A Bonds ("Series 1993 Bonds") with an average rate of 5.23%. The bond proceeds funded the renovation and rehabilitation of the Garage and the acquisition, construction, renovation and expansion of related or accessory facilities. The Authority and the Commonwealth entered into a contract providing that the Commonwealth shall pay contract assistance to the Authority in an amount equal to the scheduled principal of and interest on the bonds.



4. BONDS PAYABLE (Continued)

At June 30, 1999, the Series 1993 bonds consist of the following:

<u>Description</u>	Interest <u>Rates</u>	<u>Maturity</u>	Original <u>Amount</u>
Serial Bonds	4.00%-5.45%	1999-2008	\$15,065,000
Term Bonds	5.375%	09/01/2013	\$11,115,000

Scheduled total future debt service payments for the Series 1993 and 1992 Bonds are as follows:

	========	=======	=======
<u>Total</u>	\$153,694,545	\$94,884,274	\$58,810,271
Thereafter	<u>51,308,182</u>	30,591,234	<u>20,716,948</u>
2004	16,337,820	7,936,111	8,401,709
2003	16,378,337	8,399,122	7,979,215
2002	20,369,136	11,054,152	9,314,984
2001	24,645,279	14,233,655	10,411,624
2000	\$24,655,791	\$22,670,000	\$ 1,985,791
<u>June 30</u>	Debt Service	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>
Year Ending	Total		

Interest payments relative to the Series 1992 compound interest serial bonds commence in fiscal 2000, and accordingly, the related accrued interest expense and grants receivable from the Commonwealth have been classified as long term in the accompanying combined balance sheets.

The Series 1992 current interest serial bonds, maturing on September 1, 1999, in the amount of \$9,000,000, are subject to redemption prior to maturity, in whole or in part, on any interest payment date at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal amount of such bonds or portion thereof to be redeemed, plus accrued interest to the redemption date, for monies on deposit in the Special Redemption Account (see Note 6(f)). None of the other outstanding 1992 bonds can be redeemed prior to maturity, in whole or in part.

The series 1993 serial bonds maturing September 1, 2004 shall be subject to redemption prior to maturity on and after September 1, 2003 in whole at any time or in part on any interest payment date from monies deposited in the Redemption Fund at redemption prices as defined in the bond document.



4. BONDS PAYABLE (Continued)

The Series 1993 term bonds maturing on September 1, 2013 shall be subject to mandatory redemption prior to maturity in part on September 1, (2009 through 2012) and principal amounts through application of sinking fund installments at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal amount or portion thereof to be redeemed, plus accrued interest to the redemption date.

5. CONTRIBUTED CAPITAL, GRANTS-IN-AID OF FACILITIES ACQUISITION

An analysis of contributed capital, grants-in-aid of facilities acquisition for the years ended June 30, 1999 and 1998 is as follows:

Balance, Beginning of Year	<u>1999</u> \$ 195,018,972	<u>1998</u> \$ 161,991,298
Net Investment Income Earned on Funds Held by Bond Trustee	729,640	728,825
Reimbursement from the Commonwealth for Payment of Bond Principal	21,375,000	20,195,000
Acquisition of Springfield Civic Center	-	12,300,000
Expenditure of Net Investment Income Earned on Funds held by Bond Trustee for Noncapitalized Project Costs	(66,889)	(46,878)
Noncapitalized Project Costs	(00,009)	(40,070)
Amortization of Deferred Charges	(<u>149,273</u>)	(149,273)
Balance, End of Year	\$ 216,907,450 ======	\$ 195,018,972 ======

6. FUNDS HELD BY BOND TRUSTEE

Under the Series 1993 Bonds Indenture for Garage Construction, the Authority must maintain certain investment funds with the Bond Trustee (State Street Bank and Trust Company). These funds are as follows:



6. FUNDS HELD BY THE BOND TRUSTEES (Continued)

a. Construction Account

The Construction Account represents monies to be applied solely to the payment of project costs upon receipt of appropriate authorizations and certifications, as defined in the Indenture. Interest or other income earned on these funds is retained in the Construction Account. Any balance in the Construction Account not needed to pay project costs will be transferred to the Special Redemption Account and applied to the redemption of Series 1993 Bonds in accordance with the provisions of the Indenture. Management of the Authority does not anticipate that there will be any unused Construction Account funds to be transferred to the Special Redemption Account.

b. Debt Service Account

The Trustee disburses from the Debt Service Account, on or before each interest payment date (March 1 or September 1), an amount sufficient to pay the principal installments of and interest on the outstanding bonds. The Authority deposits contractual assistance payments from the Commonwealth in this account to meet the bond obligations. Any amount received from the Commonwealth and not needed for such payments shall be repaid to the Commonwealth as soon as practicable following the interest payment date. All interest or other income earned on these funds is transferred to the Construction Account and to the Renewal and Replacement Account thereafter.

c. Renewal and Replacement Account

The Renewal and Replacement Account represents funds to be applied solely to renewal, replacement, rehabilitation and repair costs associated with the Garage. Income earned on these funds is retained in the Renewal and Replacement Account. If the Authority determines that (i) the amount on deposit in the Renewal and Replacement Account exceeds the amount reasonably expected to be necessary for renewal, replacement, rehabilitation and repair costs associated with the Garage, or (ii) that the amount on deposit in the Construction Account is insufficient to pay project costs in order to complete the project, the Authority may direct the Trustee to transfer amounts in the Renewal and Replacement Account to the Construction Account for application to project costs.



6. FUNDS HELD BY BOND TRUSTEES (Continued)

Under the Series 1992 Bonds Indenture for the Hynes, the Authority must maintain certain investment funds with the Bond Trustee (State Street Bank and Trust Company). These funds are as follows:

a. Construction Account

The Construction Account represents the remaining balance of the bond funds. Income earned on these funds is retained in the Construction Account. Funds in the Construction Account are to be applied solely to the payment of project costs for a period of one year after the expansion and renovation of the Hynes Convention Center is certified to be complete by the management of the authority, as defined in the Indenture. Upon achieving completion of the Hynes Convention Center expansion and renovation, any balance in the Construction Account not needed to pay project costs will be transferred to the Renewal and Replacement Fund. Management of the Authority does not anticipate that there will be any unused Construction Account Funds to be transferred to the Renewal and Replacement Account.

b. Debt Service Account

The Trustee disburses from the Debt Service Account, on or before each interest payment date (March 1 or September 1), an amount sufficient to pay the principal installments of and interest on the outstanding bonds. The Authority deposits contractual assistance payments from the Commonwealth in this account to meet the bond obligations. Until completion, as defined in the Indenture, of the Hynes Convention Center expansion and renovation, income earned on these funds is transferred to the Construction Account and to the Renewal and Replacement Account thereafter.



6. FUNDS HELD BY THE BOND TRUSTEES (Continued)

c. Renewal and Replacement Account

The Renewal and Replacement Account represents funds to be applied solely to renewal, replacement, rehabilitation and repair costs associated with the Hynes Convention Center. Income earned on these funds is retained in the Renewal and Replacement Account.

If the Authority determines that the amount on deposit in the Renewal and Replacement Fund exceeds the amount reasonably expected to be necessary for renewal, replacement, rehabilitation and repair costs associated with the Hynes Convention Center and for project costs because net recoveries from litigation relating to Phase II expansion and renovation of the Hynes Convention Center, which have been received by the Authority, are reasonably expected to be sufficient for all such costs, such excess amount in the Renewal and Replacement Account shall be transferred to the Special Redemption Account (used to repay bonds to effect a redemption of the current interest serial bonds, maturing on September 1, 1999, prior to maturity (see Note 4) to the extent of \$9,000,000, and any remainder of such excess amount shall be invested strictly in accordance with the Indenture. Management of the Authority does not anticipate that there will be any excess funds in the Renewal and Replacement account to be transferred to the Special Redemption Account.

7. EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

A. Pension Plan

Effective with the establishment of the Authority, all of its employees participate in the Commonwealth of Massachusetts Contributory Retirement System (the "System"). Contributions to provide benefits under the System are made by the Authority under the "pay-as-you-go" method by annually contributing the amount determined by the State Division of Public Employee Retirement Administration Commission ("PERAC"). The contribution is calculated as the amount necessary to provide for the previous year's retirement benefits. The active Authority employees contribute 5%, 7%, 8% or 9% (depending on date of employment) of their regular compensation, as defined. In addition, active employees hired after January 1, 1979, contribute an additional 2% for all pay greater than \$30,000.



7. EMPLOYEE BENEFITS (Continued)

A. Pension Plan (Continued)

Section 38D of the Authority's Enabling Act requires the Authority to reimburse the State Board of Retirement annually for the Authority's proportionate share of any retirement allowance paid by the Board during the preceding year based on the retiree's past service with the Authority. As explained more fully herein, the Authority is required to reimburse the State Board of Retirement for the pension component of the retired employee's retirement allowance.

Pursuant to the Enabling Act, the Authority assumed responsibility for the pension liability relating to the prior service of Garage employees. This net prior service liability amounted to \$382,054. No prior service liabilities were assumed for employees of the Hynes Convention Center (previously employed by the City of Boston).

The System benefits are uniform from system to system. The system provides for retirement allowance benefits up to a maximum of 80% of a member's highest three-year average annual rate of regular compensation. Benefit payments are based upon a member's age, length of creditable service, level of compensation and group classification.

Members become vested after 10 years of creditable service. A superannuating retirement allowance may be received upon the completion of 20 years of service or, for an employee hired prior to 1978, attainment of age 55 as an active member. Normal retirement for most employees occurs at age 65.

A retirement allowance consists of two parts: an annuity and a pension. A member's accumulated total deductions and a portion of the interest generated thereon constitute the annuity. The difference between the total retirement benefit and the annuity is the pension.



7. <u>EMPLOYEE BENEFITS</u> (Continued)

a. Pension Plan (Continued)

The "pension benefit obligation" is a standardized disclosure measure of the present value of pension benefits, adjusted for the effects of projected salary increases and step-rate benefits, estimated to be payable in the future as a result of employee service to date. The measure, which is the actuarial present value of credited projected benefits, is intended to help users assess the System's funding status on a going-concern basis, assess progress made in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due, and make comparisons among PERAC and employers. The System does not make separate measurements of assets and the pension benefit obligation for individual employers. The pension benefit obligation at June 30, 1994 for the System as a whole, determined through an actuarial valuation performed as of that date, was \$8.957 billion. The System's net assets available for benefits on that date (valued at market) were \$5.802 billion, leaving an unfunded pension benefit obligation of \$3.155 billion.

Ten-year historical trend information showing the System's progress in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due is presented in the general purpose financial statements of the Commonwealth.

The authority has accrued \$3,199,393 at June 30, 1999 for its estimated share of future reimbursements to the System based on the present value of pension benefits, estimated to be payable in the future as a result of employee service to date. Pension expense for 1999 amounted to \$199,392.

The short-term portion of accrued pension is shown as part of "Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses" amounts to \$1,929 at June 30, 1999.

b. Severance Pay/Sick Leave Benefits

Under the terms of an employment contract assumed from the Massachusetts Parking Authority, a management employee of the Authority is entitled to severance pay. All union employees are contractually entitled to sick leave benefits upon retirement. In addition, the Authority has extended this benefit to all employees. Severance pay and sick leave benefits for employees at June 30, 1999 were estimated to be \$1,062,600 and is reflected in the accompanying combined balance sheets as accrued expenses.



7. <u>EMPLOYEE BENEFITS</u> (Continued)

c. Other Postretirement Employee Benefits

In addition to providing pension benefits to retired employees, the Authority has agreed to provide certain health care benefits to retired employees. These health care benefits are provided through insurance coverage administered by the Commonwealth.

The Authority will assume a portion of the cost of group health insurance, including basic life insurance and catastrophic illness coverage, for retirees (and surviving spouses) receiving a retirement allowance from the Authority. The Authority recognizes the cost of these benefits by expensing the amounts paid to the retired employees, which amount was not significant in 1999 and 1998. At June 30, 1999 eighteen retired employees were eligible to receive these benefits.

8. CASH AND OTHER INVESTMENTS

Cash consists of deposits primarily with Bank of Boston, State Street Bank and the Massachusetts Depository Trust ("MMDT") (a pooled investment fund managed by the Office of the State Treasurer, consisting primarily of certificates of deposit with major banks, commercial paper and repurchase agreements). These deposits are carried at cost in the accompanying combined balance sheets.

Repurchase agreements owned by the MMDT are conducted only with approved banks and primary securities dealers. In addition, MMDT's custodian takes delivery of the collateral in MMDT's name. Pass-through insurance represents coverage obtained from the specific investments in MMDT's portfolio. To the extent that MMDT's investments are insured by the insurer, the Authority is insured up to its respective percentage of the total MMDT portfolio. Certain deposits are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC").

Short-term investments consist of U.S. Treasury Notes that mature within a year. Other investments consist of U.S. Treasury Notes and certificates of deposit. The U.S. Treasury Notes (both short and long term) are held in safekeeping in the Authority's name. Certificates of deposit are fully insured by the Depositors Insurance Fund of Massachusetts ("DIFM") and/or by the FDIC.



8. CASH AND OTHER INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Obligations and funds held by the Bond Trustee (State Street Bank and Trust Company) consist of U.S. Government and agency obligations and money market accounts (uninsured). Investments are carried at amortized cost and held by the Bond Trustee in the Authority's name.

The Authority's cash and short-term investments, funds held by the Bond Trustee and other investments at June 30, 1999 are as follows:

Cash and Short-term Investments	Carrying _Amount	Bank Balance or Market <u>Value</u>
Insured (FDIC) Deposits Collateralized (MMDT	\$ 1,547,933	\$ 1,547,933
Account) Deposits	6,725,800	6,725,800
Total Cash	8,273,733	8,273,733
Investments	<u>438,961</u>	438,961
Total Cash and Short-term Investments	\$ 8,712,694 ======	\$ 8,712,694 ======
Funds held by Bond Trustee: U.S. Government Agency		
Obligations Money Market Accounts	\$ 4,600,271 <u>11,026,441</u>	\$ 4,597,554 10,994,828
Total Funds Held by		
Bond Trustee	\$15,626,712 ======	\$15,592,382 ======
Other Investments:		
U.S. Treasury Notes	\$ <u>1,535,688</u>	\$ <u>1,535,688</u>
Total Other Investments	\$ 1,535,688 =====	\$1,535,688 ======



8. CASH AND OTHER INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Cash and cash equivalents available for use for operations of the authority are reported in the accompanying combined balance sheets as follows:

	Carrying	Bank Balance or Market
	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Value</u>
Current Assets - Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 8,712,694	\$ 9,542,694
Funds Held by the Trustee:		
Garage Construction Account	5,440,491	5,421,787
Garage Renewal and Replacement Fund	664,005	668,270
Hynes Construction Account	36,509	35,969
Hynes Renewal and Replacement Account	<u>4,885,436</u>	4,868,802
	\$19,739,135	\$20,537,522
	=======	======

A significant portion of cash and short-term and other investments has been designated by management or is restricted for specified purposes as follows:

	<u>1999</u>	1998
Designated:		
Sec. 38D Reimbursement: State Retirement		
Board (Pension Benefit)	\$ 3,201,322	\$ 3,005,787
Severance Pay/Sick Leave		
Benefits/Vacation	1,502,413	1,424,965
Hynes Construction Litigation	200,000	200,000
Long-Range Marketing	-	-
Garage Net Proceeds Payable to the		
Commonwealth	4,971,204	4,191,654
Long-Range Planning	_	2,100,000
	9,874,939	10,922,406
Unrestricted Cash	(_1,162,245)	(774,117)
	\$ 8,712,694	\$10,148,289
	=======	=======



9. CONTINGENCIES

Two cases arising from the expansion and renovation of the Hynes Convention Center in the 1980's are still pending; in the opinion of the Authority and its outside legal counsel, the ultimate resolution of the litigation is uncertain. The first case involved an extra work order in the amount of \$1.8 million. The case was tried in November 1997 and the parties are awaiting the court's decision. The Authority has structured an agreement with the parties included in the final case which, in the opinion of the Authority and its outside legal counsel, will hold the Authority harmless from financial liability. Beginning in December 1994, this case was tried before a Master for 45 days. Proposed findings and conclusions were submitted to the Master in June 1995. On November 9, 1995 the Master's final report, recommending that all claims against the Authority be dismissed, was filed with the court. On December 28, 1998, the court ordered judgment on the Master's Report. Appeals, however, are anticipated. The report must be confirmed by the court before judgment becomes final.

One case is pending related to the Garage Reconstruction. A subcontractor is suing the general contractor (which in turn has sued the Authority) in the amount of approximately \$1.5 million for alleged damages due to delays and disruption to its work. Discovery has been completed and the trial is scheduled to commence January 4, 2000. The outcome of this suit is uncertain at this point.

Two cases are pending before the Massachusetts Commission Against Discrimination ("MCAD") arising out of incidents which are alleged to have occurred at the Hynes Convention Center in December 1996. The plaintiffs claim against the Authority, among other named entities, that they were discriminated against on the bases of race, sex, religion, and national origin when they attended an event held at the Hynes on December 22, 1996. The Authority has filed a written response and appeared before the MCAD's designee in June of 1997 to orally present its position. The MCAD has not contacted the Authority regarding these matters to the present date. In the opinion of the Authority and its outside legal counsel, the ultimate resolution of these claims is uncertain.



9. CONTINGENCIES (Continued)

In May 1997, employees of a vendor under contract with the Authority filed complaints with the MCAD charging the Authority and one of its employees with sexual harassment. At this point two cases are still pending.

The Authority, in the course of its operations, is susceptible to asserted and unasserted claims, many of which are covered by insurance. In the opinion of management, the ultimate outcome of these claims is unlikely to have a material effect on the Authority's financial statements.

10. NEW CONVENTION CENTER

Chapter 152 of the Acts of 1997 provides \$609.4 million for the construction of a Convention and Exhibition Center to provide 600,000 square feet of exhibit space at a site in South Boston. The MCCA is to operate the new center, along with the Hynes Convention Center (193,000 square feet of exhibit space), the Boston Common Garage (capacity 1,400 vehicles), and the Springfield Civic Center (139,000 square feet of total space).

The Boston Redevelopment Authority (BRA) is authorized and directed by the legislation to acquire the land, properties, and rights related to the proposed construction site. The MCCA will oversee construction and design of the new facility. At June 30, 1999, the BRA was still acquiring the properties. Direct costs of \$5,233,016 were capitalized as Construction in Progress as of June 30, 1999. These costs related primarily to architect and legal fees. Additionally, a total of \$486,151 of deferred charges has also been capitalized on this project (See Note 12).

11. ACQUISITION OF SPRINGFIELD CIVIC CENTER

Chapter 152 of the Acts of 1997 provided for the Authority to assume the ownership and operation of the Springfield Civic Center (SCC). Additionally, a total of \$48.5 million was appropriated for possible expansion and renovation of this facility. To date, the Authority has merged the activities of the SCC with its own activities, repaid the City of Springfield approximately \$100,000 which constitutes the unused portion of funds advanced by the City as of November 17, 1997 to fund the SCC deficit, transferred all employees to the Authority's payroll, and begun assessing the renovations necessary for the SCC to be competitive. The transfer of ownership and operation was effective November 17, 1997.



11. ACQUISITION OF SPRINGFIELD CIVIC CENTER (Continued)

Certain aspects of the transfer of ownership and operation of the Springfield Civic Center (SCC) remain to be resolved.

- The City of Springfield did not carry the cost of the SCC property on its financial statements. The assets related to the facility itself are not currently reflected on the Authority's financial statements pending resolution of this matter.
- Although the Authority repaid approximately \$100,000 of the City of Springfield's advance to the SCC, certain other items remain to be resolved, which could adjust this payment. It is not anticipated that the effect of the resolution of these matters will be material to the financial statements of the Authority.

12. ALLOCATION OF CENTRAL OFFICE COST

In recent years, the operations of the Authority have expanded. As well as the continuing operation of the Hynes Convention Center;

- the Boston Common Garage reopened in 1995,
- the Springfield Civic Center became part of the Authority in November 1997.
- acquisition, design, and construction activities have begun on the Boston convention and Exhibition Complex.

In an effort to properly reflect the costs of these activities, and to properly assign costs related to the construction phases of the Springfield Civic Center improvement and the Boston Convention and Exhibition Complex, the management and the Board of the Authority allocate costs internally based on staff hours expended on each project. Certain of these allocations are reflected on the accompanying financial statements.

Central office overhead costs of \$458,610 have been allocated to the Springfield Civic Center as Interagency Cost Allocation. Additionally, deferred charges of \$114,143 have been allocated and capitalized related to the improvements of the Springfield Civic Center. These costs, sometimes called indirect or "soft" costs, are necessary and reasonable to determine the actual costs of the facility improvements under generally accepted accounting principles for self constructed assets.



12. ALLOCATION OF CENTRAL OFFICE COST (Continued)

Additionally, central office costs of \$486,151 have been deferred and capitalized as deferred charges related to the acquisition, design, and construction activities of the Boston Convention and Exhibition Complex. These costs, sometimes called indirect or "soft" costs, are necessary and reasonable to determine the actual costs of the Boston Convention and Exhibition Complex under generally accepted accounting principles for self constructed assets.

13. RESTATEMENT OF 1998 FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Consistent with Governmental Accounting Standards, a cost has been retroactively assigned to the Springfield Civic Center based on research of records contemporary with the opening of the Center. The Springfield Civic Center was built in 1972. Consistent with governmental accounting policies of that time, the Center was not listed as an asset in the financial reports of the City of Springfield. The City of Springfield was unable to provide a cost basis for this asset last year. In the current year, the Authority conducted research into newspaper accounts and was able to find a reference to the Center being constructed at a cost of \$10.3 million. The land on which the Center was built was purchased in a lump sum purchase with other properties of the City. As a result, an amount of \$2 million was assigned as the value of the land.

The effect of capitalizing the cost of the Springfield Civic Center retroactively to 1998 resulted in the following:

Investment in facilities was increased by \$12.3 million, \$10.3 million related to the Civic Center and \$2.0 million related to the land. Contributed Capital and Grants in Aid of Facilities Acquisition was also increased by this amount. Accumulated depreciation of \$9,441,667 was recorded, reflecting the Authority's policy of treating facilities as having a 30 year life. This amount was also recorded as Accumulated Amortization of Contributed Capital in the Grants and Fund Balance portion of the Balance Sheet.

14. YEAR 2000 ISSUE (UNAUDITED)

The Year 2000 (Y2K) issue arises because computer systems may inaccurately handle dates after December 31, 1999. Older hardware and software systems used a two-digit designator for the year. Some systems may read the year of "00" as 1900.



14. YEAR 2000 ISSUE (UNAUDITED) (Continued)

The Massachusetts Convention Center Authority has performed an inventory of mission critical systems and equipment that may be affected by the Year 2000 issue and that are necessary to conduct the Authority's operations. As a result of this inventory, external confirmation has been obtained from financial institutions, utilities, and service providers that systems integrated with the Authority are Y2K compliant. Internally, hardware and software have been upgraded or replaced. Final internal validation and testing was performed during July 1999. The cost of these upgrades and equipment were treated as operating and capital expenses during the periods acquired.

Because of the unprecedented nature of the Year 2000 issue, its effects and the success of related remediation efforts will not be fully determinable until the year 2000 or thereafter. Management cannot assure that the Authority is or will be year 2000 ready, that the Authority's remediation efforts will be successful in whole or in part, or that parties with whom the Authority does business will be year 2000 ready.



